Mechanical Drafting Standards for the Mechanical Engineering Team

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1.0 Introduction and Scope

This manual has been developed to provide a set of standard guidelines to be followed for mechanical drafting in the Mechanical Engineering Team of the Facility Systems Engineering Division. All mechanical drawings for the Mechanical Engineering Team shall be completed in accordance with this manual.

The intent of this manual is to supplement the <u>Drawing Requirements Manual</u>¹ (MIL-STD-100E) by addressing the topics that are specific to mechanical drawings; highlight exceptions to the manual; and identify a standard format when options are presented in the manual.

In case of difference between the <u>Drawing Requirements Manual</u> (MIL-STD-100E) and the Mechanical Drafting Standards, the Mechanical Drafting Standards shall govern.

This standard is written for drawings to be generated in English units. Requirements for metric drawings will be defined in a future revision of the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

Jerome H. Lieblich, <u>Drawing Requirements Manual</u> for Departments of Defense & Industry, 7th Ed., Global Engineering Documents, 1990

2.0 Drafting Practices

2.1 Principals of Projection

All drawings (including metric drawings) shall be developed using the third angle projection method.

2.2 New Drawings

New drawings shall be in accordance with this manual and with the following:

- Do not show unnecessary views.
- b. All drawings shall be on D size (22" x 34") sheets.

2.3 Scale of Drawings

Drawings shall be shown full size whenever possible. When it is not practical to show a drawing full size, the ratio of the size of the object as drawn to its full size shall be expressed as follows:

Scale	Scale Entry
Full Size	1/1 (FULL)
Half Size	1/2
Quarter Size	1/4
Eighth Size	1/8
Sixteenth Size	1/16
Double Size	2/1
Four Times Size	4/1
Eight Times Size	8/1
Ten Times Size	10/1

2.4 Out-of Scale Dimensions

When dimensional changes are made on released drawings, and it is not practical to change the detail to agree with the new dimension, the dimension is underscored with a straight line to indicate the out-of scale condition.

2.5 Print Size, Fonts, & Layers for AutoCAD Drawings

All lettering shall be upper case. The font used in AutoCAD drawings shall be ROMANS. Print size and layers shall conform to the following specifications as shown on Example 1:

Title Block

	Size	Layer
Project Title Drawing Title Building Number Sheet Number Drawing Number Latest Revision Surface Finish Angular Tolerance Approvals	.15 .15 .15 .15 .25 .25 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT TXT
Parts List Size	Layer	
"PARTS LIST" Heading Other Headings Parts List Information	.15 .10 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT TXT
Revision Block Size	Layer	
Revision Block Information	.10	TXT

Part Identification - Fabricated Parts		
	Size	Layer
Part Number Part Name Scale Number Required Material Next Assembly	.20 .20 .15 .15 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT TXT TXT TXT TXT
Part Identification - Commercial Items	Size	Layer
Part Number	.20	BOLDTXT
Sections and Views (Taken)		
	Size	Layer
Section (View) Letter Sheet Numbers	.20 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT
Sections and Views (Shown)		
	<u>Size</u>	Layer
Section (View) Letter Sheet Numbers "SECTION" ("VIEW") Label Scale	.20 .15 .20 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT BOLDTXT TXT
Notes		
	<u>Size</u>	Layer
"NOTES" Heading "GENERAL NOTES" Heading Note Text Note Number Indexed Notes	.20 .20 .15 .15	BOLDTXT BOLDTXT TXT TXT TXT

Revision Callouts

	Size	Layer
Revision Letter	.15	BOLDTXT
Number of Occurrences	.10	BOLDTXT

Note: Revision letter and subscript enclosed in hexagon.

Cover Sheet

	Size	Layer
Project Title	.75	BOLDTXT

2.6 Arrowheads

Arrowheads for dimensions, leaders, sections and views shall be as shown in Example 1.

2.7 Leader Lines Used with Notes

Leaders terminate at the lettering <u>beginning</u> or <u>end</u> with a line not less than .125 inches long, parallel to the lettering of the note and are extended at a constant angle to the part or portion affected by the note.

2.8 Leader Lines That Cross Dimension Lines

Leader lines should not cross dimension or other leader lines. When it is unavoidable that a leader cross a dimension line, the leader line <u>shall</u> be broken at the point of intersection.

2.9 Sections

Section callouts shall be as shown in Example 1.

2.10 Section Crosshatching

Sections shall be crosshatched in accordance with the material specification.

Crosshatching for materials shall be in accordance with Example 2.

2.11 <u>Views</u>

View callouts shall be as shown in Example 1.

2.12 Metric

Requirements for metric drawings will be defined in a future revision to the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

3.0 Types of Engineering Drawings

3.1 Assembly Drawings

An assembly drawing shows the assembled design, with all detailed parts and/or subassemblies shown in their functional positions.

An assembly drawing depicts the assembled relationship of: (a) two or more parts; (b) a combination of parts and subordinate assemblies, or (c) a group of assemblies required to form an assembly of higher order. The drawing shall show sufficient detail to show the relationship between each subordinate assembly and part. The assembly drawing shall include: (a) identification of commercial parts which are specified in detail in the parts list; (b) transportation to the drawing on which the fabricated parts are detailed. Assembly drawings may include overall system and interface dimensions or other relevant information.

The distinction between an assembly and a subassembly is determined by the individual application. An assembly in one instance may be a subassembly in another where it forms a portion of an assembly.

3.2 Subassembly Drawings

A subassembly drawing depicts one or more parts which form a portion of an assembled unit.

3.3 Detail Drawings

A detail drawing depicts all necessary information for fabrication of a complete end item ready for application in an assembly or subassembly.

Detail drawings contain all information necessary for fabrication, finish, marking, and inspection.

Parts shall be identified by a dash (-) number for each separate part.

Weldments are considered a part and shall be designated with a dash (-) number.

Detail drawings shall have a minimum of 1" space between details.

3.4 Installation Drawings

An installation drawing shows the installed and assembled position of an item relative to its supporting structure or to associated items.

An installation drawing shall contain the following items:

- a. List of items to be installed.
- Locating dimensions and associated tolerances.
- c. Types and quantities of attachment.
- d. Process and special installation requirements.
- e. Adjustment data.
- f. Special test or inspection requirements.
- g. Detail definition of special installation parts.
- h. Installed items shall be shown in solid lines; existing items shall be shown in phantom lines.
- Interface definition to existing components.
- An installation drawing shall contain a parts list to establish the requirements for the installation hardware.
- Interface mounting and mating information (i.e. dimensions for location of attachment hardware).
- Information necessary for preparation of foundation plans, including mounting hardware details.
- m. Identification of applicable assembly drawings.
- n. Demolition requirements.

3.5 Envelope Drawings

An envelope drawing depicts an item which specifies a configuration and performance envelope, without details of internal construction. All features other than those shown on the drawing are left to the fabricator to meet the specified design requirements and performance data.

An envelope drawing shall define all interface requirements in exact detail.

Typically, an envelope drawing would be used for an ASME code stamped pressure vessel.

3.6 Cover Sheet

The cover sheet shall include the project title and the NASA logo as shown in Example 3.

3.7 Drawing Index and General Notes

The drawing index and general notes sheet shall include a drawing index for all drawings in the project, legends, site location, and general notes pertaining to the entire drawing package.

3.8 Drawing Package Organization

The mechanical drawing package shall be assembled as follows:

- a. Demolition and Site Preparation Drawings
- b. Installation Drawings
- c. Assembly Drawings
- d. Subassembly Drawings
- e. Detail Drawings

The entire project drawing package shall be assembled as follows:

- Cover Sheet
- b. Drawing Index and General Notes
- c. Mechanical drawings
- d. Structural drawings
- e. Process Systems drawings
- f. Electrical & Controls drawings

4.0 Dimensions & Tolerances

4.1 Basic Dimension

A basic dimension is a numerical value used to describe the theoretical exact size, shape, or location of a feature. It is the basis from which permissible variations are established by tolerances on other dimensions, in notes or by feature control symbols. Basic dimensions are shown on the drawing enclosed in a rectangle. The use of basic dimensions shall be limited to essential dimensions.

4.2 Reference Dimension

A reference dimension is a dimension that has been specified elsewhere on the same drawing or on another drawing. Reference dimensions shall be enclosed in parentheses.

4.3 Fit

Fit dimensions shall be specified on the drawing. The fit designation (e.g. LC1, RC5) shall be included as a reference.

Example: \$1/2 NOM MACHINE FOR .0001-.0008 INTERFERENCE (FN1) FIT WITH MATING PART

4.4 Material Condition

The material condition "Regardless of Feature Size" (RFS or S) is the default material condition. The material condition callout is <u>not</u> required.

4.5 Units of Measure

Dimensions and tolerances shall be expressed in inches and decimal parts of an inch or in angular units. Fasteners and welds shall be expressed in fractions.

4.6 Rules Applicable to Units of Measure

- a. Zeros shall not be used before the decimal point for values less than one inch.
- b. All decimals shall have a minimum of two digits following the decimal point.
- A dimension and its tolerance shall have an equal number of digits following the decimal point.
- d. Both tolerances shall be specified when using unilateral tolerances.
- e. Unilateral and bilateral tolerances used with dimension lines shall show the tolerance following the dimension. Tolerances shall be shown with the plus tolerance above the minus tolerance.
- f. When tolerances are specified in general notes, the tolerance may be shown on the same line with the plus tolerance preceding the minus tolerance.

4.7 Rules Applicable to Angular Units

- Angular dimensions and tolerances shall be expressed in degrees (°) and when necessary, in minutes (') and seconds ("), or in decimal parts of a degree.
- An angular dimension and its tolerance shall be held to the same unit of measure.

4.8 Standard Tolerances

Dimensions shown without tolerance are controlled by the standard tolerances in the title block, except for stock materials, dimensions on welding symbols, undimensioned angles between lines drawn at 90°, dimensions labeled REF, MAX, MIN, BASIC, and similar dimensions that are otherwise controlled.

4.9 Fundamental Rules of Dimensioning

Dimensioning shall conform to the following rules:

a. Dimension, extension, and leader lines should not cross each other unless absolutely necessary. When it is unavoidable, the leader line <u>shall</u> be broken at the point of intersection.

- Dimensions are shown in a view that most clearly represents the form of the feature.
- Sufficient dimensions shall be shown to clearly define size, shape, and position of each feature.
- d. A feature shall not be located by more than one toleranced dimension in any one direction.
- e. Reference dimensions shall be enclosed in parentheses.
- f. Dimensions shall be shown outside the outline of the part.
- g. Dimensions shall be selected and arranged to minimize the accumulation of tolerances between related features.
- h. Each dimension shall be expressed clearly so that it can be interpreted in only one way.
- Chain dimensions should be avoided.
- Center lines, object lines, or extension lines should not be used as dimension lines.
- bimensioning to hidden lines shall be avoided.
- Maximum and minimum limits must be such that parts will assemble and function under all dimensional conditions that are within limits.
- m. The word "TYPICAL" or the abbreviation "TYP" may be used when the number of places the dimension applies is indicated.

Example: TYP (2) PLACES

- n. Dimensions shall be placed such that there is a minimum of ½" between the part and the dimension.
- Parts which contain critical alignment dimensions shall be dimensioned as matched parts in lieu of high precision tolerances on individual part details."

4.10 Form Tolerances

Form tolerances shall apply regardless of feature size.

4.11 Metric

Requirements for metric drawings will be defined in a future revision to the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

5.0 Engineering Drawing Format

5.1 Drawing Size

All drawings shall be on D size (22" x 34") sheets.

5.2 Drawing Media

AutoCAD drawings shall be on paper.

5.3 Drawing Scale

Drawings shall be shown full size whenever possible. When it is not practical to show a drawing full size, the ratio of the size of the object as drawn to its full size shall be expressed as follows:

Scale	Scale Entry
Full Size	1/1 (FULL)
Half Size	1/2
Quarter Size	1/4
Eighth Size	1/8
Sixteenth Size	1/16
Double Size	2/1
Four Times Size	4/1
Eight Times Size	8/1
Ten Times Size	10/1

5.4 Continuation Sheets

Continuation sheets of multi-sheet drawings shall have a unique sheet number and a unique drawing number.

5.5 Border

The standard border to be used on all drawings is shown on Example 4.

5.6 <u>Title Block Format</u>

The title block shall be as shown in Example 4.

5.7 General Note Location

Notes shall be located in the upper right hand corner of the drawing as shown in Example 5. Notes shall be numbered consecutively starting with 1 and numbered downward. Notes may be located in the upper left hand corner on drawings containing only notes and a parts list.

5.8 Standard Tolerance Block

This block contains the standard tolerances that apply to specific dimensions as stated in SECTION 4. An angular tolerance shall be entered when required.

5.9 Finish Block

Enter the surface finish required for machined parts.

5.10 Parts List Format

The parts list shall be located in the lower right hand corner of the drawing above the title block. Dimensions for the parts list shall be as shown on Example 5. Specific information on completing the parts list shall be as stated in SECTION 8.

5.11 Revision Block Format

The revision block shall be as shown in Example 4.

5.12 Metric

Requirements for metric drawings will be defined in a future revision to the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

6.0 Drawing & Part Number System

6.1 Sheet Number Assignment

All drawings shall contain a unique sheet number. Mechanical drawing sheet numbers shall be designated with an "M." (Example: M13 = Mechanical drawing, sheet 13)

6.2 <u>Drawing Number Assignment</u>

All drawings shall contain a unique drawing number. Completed drawings shall have a NASA drawing number for drawing file records. NASA drawing numbers will be assigned when the drawings are ready for final sign-off. Transportation between drawings shall be by sheet number.

6.3 Part Numbering System

Each commercial item shall be designated by an item number enclosed in a ½" diameter circle.

Each fabricated part (including subassemblies & weldments) shall be designated by the sheet number followed by a dash number (Ex: M18-5 = Part -5 on sheet M18)

Detail drawings shall identify the first part with -1.

Reference drawings shall be identified by the NASA drawing number.

The part numbering system is shown in Example 5.

7.0 Drawing Notes

7.1 General Notes

General notes are those which apply to the drawing in general and would become repetitive if placed at each point of application.

7.2 Indexed Notes

Indexed notes are those which apply to specific areas of the drawing or parts list. Indexed notes shall be enclosed in a triangle as shown in Example 5.

7.3 Local Notes

Local notes are those which apply directly to a particular portion of a drawing, indicated by local characteristics.

7.4 Project Notes

Project notes are those which apply to the entire project package. Project notes shall be placed on the Drawing Index and General Notes sheet.

7.5 Position and Alignment of Notes

Notes should be positioned horizontally on the drawing. The left end of all lines of a note should be in alignment, except when an opening statement applies to several succeeding incomplete phrases. In this case, the phrases shall be indented.

7.6 Local Notes That Specify Method of Fabrication

Local notes which specify fabrication operations (e.g., DRILL, REAM, TAP, PUNCH, OR BORE) are acceptable when specifying the fabrication technique is critical to the final product.

7.7 Symbols for Local Notes That Describe Features

Symbols for local notes that describe features shall not be used. Acceptable abbreviations for features are as follows:

COUNTERBORE	CBORE
COUNTERSINK	CSK
SPOTFACE	
DEEP	.DEEP
RADIUS	R
DIAMETER	

7.8 Location of General Notes

General notes shall be located in the upper right hand corner of the drawing. Notes shall be numbered consecutively starting with 1 and numbered downward. General notes may be placed in the upper left hand corner on drawings containing only general notes and a parts list.

8.0 Parts List Preparation

8.1 Parts List

The parts list shall contain information for commercial components. The parts list shall be located on the assembly and/or subassembly drawing if space permits. If space is limited, the parts list may be shown on a separate sheet immediately following the assembly or subassembly. Each subassembly shall have a separate parts list. The parts list shall contain the item number, material specification, description, part identification number, quantity required per unit, and total quantity required.

8.2 <u>Item Number</u>

The item number block shall contain the item number.

8.3 Material Specification

The material specification block shall contain the material specification for the commercial item.

8.4 Description

The description block shall contain the description of the commercial item and the manufacturer's name of the commercial item.

8.5 Part Identification Number

The part identification number block shall contain the complete catalog part number for the commercial item.

8.6 Quantity Required per Unit

The quantity required per unit block shall contain the quantity required per assembly or subassembly.

8.7 Total Quantity Required

The total required block shall contain the total quantity of items required for all assemblies or subassemblies. This column required for multiple assemblies.

9.0 Thread Representation

9.1 Thread Designation

The designation of standard series threads consists of the following information: nominal size, number of threads per inch, thread series, and thread class.

Nominal size shall be expressed as a fraction for commercially available fasteners.

Example:

1/4-20 UNC-2A

Where:

1/4 = Nominal size

20 = Number of threads per inch UNC = Thread Form and Series

2A = Thread Class

9.2 Hand Designation

Screw threads are interpreted to mean right hand unless LH, for left hand, is included in the callout.

9.3 Threaded Inserts

Thread inserts shall be specified as follows:

"DRILL & TAP FOR "X" THREADED INSERT"

Where:

"X" is replaced with the appropriate nominal thread size and length

9.4 Abbreviations and Symbols

Abbreviations and symbols for features shall be as follows:

COUNTERBORE	CBORE
COUNTERSINK	

SPOTFACE	SF
DEEP	DEEP
RADIUS	B
DIAMETER	ф

9.5 Tap Drill Size and Depth

Except when required by specific design considerations, neither the size nor the depth of the tap drill is included in the thread callout.

9.6 Metric Threads

Requirements for metric threads will be defined in a future revision to the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

10.0 Welding

10.1 Standard Location of Elements of a Welding Symbol

The welding symbol provides the means of placing complete welding information on the drawing. The standard location of elements of a welding symbol is shown in Figure 1.

10.2 Standard Size of a Welding Symbol for Drawing Application

The welding symbol shall be consistent in size on all drawings. The weld size shall be expressed as a fraction for welds less than one inch. The welding symbol shall be in accordance with Example 5.

10.3 Basic Size of Weld Symbols

The dimensions for basic weld symbols are shown in Figures 2 & 3.

10.4 Metric

Requirements for metric drawings will be defined in a future revision to the Mechanical Drafting Standards.

11.0 Drawing Change Procedures

11.1 Revision Status

The revision status of a drawing is identified by an uppercase letter. The first revision issued is identified by the letter "A." Each successive change uses the next letter of the alphabet in sequence, except the letters "I", "O", "Q", "S", and "Z" are never used.

11.2 Drawing Revisions

A revision note shall be placed on every drawing which is revised after the drawing has been approved. The location of the change on the part shall be indicated by the revision letter in a hexagon as shown in Example 5. The revision shall be noted in the revision block as shown in Example 4. Descriptions in the revision block shall be descriptive, but brief. Revision A shall be located in the upper left corner of the revision block. The latest revision to the drawing shall be shown in the "Latest Revision" block of the title block.

11.3 Multiple Changes

Multiple changes to the same drawing incorporated at one time shall be identified by the same revision letter with a numerical subscript as shown in Example 5.

11.4 Changes in General Notes

A general note may be changed if the original purpose is maintained.

11.5 Removing General Notes

When a general note has been removed, the word "REMOVED" shall appear in its place. Once a general note has been removed, the number for that note shall not be reused.

11.6 Revisions to AutoCAD Drawings

The approval signatures and dates on the original drawing shall be replaced with the typed name of the original approver and the typed dates. Original signatures and dates shall appear on the latest revision in the revision block.

12.0 Abbreviations

12.1 Use of Abbreviations

Abbreviations shall be avoided whenever possible. If abbreviations are used, they shall be uniform throughout the drawing package.

12.2 List of Abbreviations

The following list identifies the abbreviations which are acceptable for use on drawings:

Acme Screw Thread ACME American Wire Gage AWG And & As Required AR Assembly ASSY Basic BSC Bearing BRG **Bolt Circle** BC CAP SCR Cap Screw Center Line CL Center of Gravity CG Chamfer CHAM Class CL Clearance CLR Clockwise CW Counterbore CBORE Counterclockwise CCW Countersink CSK Cylinder CYL DEEP Deep Diameter

Diameter Bolt Circle DBC Drawing DWG Drill DRILL Each EA Equal EQ Equally Spaced EQ SP Existing **EXST** Fahrenheit F

13.0 Project Drawing Package

13.1 Project Coordination

The Technical Project Engineer (TPE) and/or Systems Engineer is responsible for coordinating the entire project package including drawings and specifications.

13.2 Sheet Number Assignment

All drawings shall contain a unique sheet number as follows:

Cover sheet numbers shall be designated with a "T."

Mechanical drawing sheet numbers shall be designated with an "M."

Structural drawing sheet numbers shall be designated with an "S."

Process System drawing sheet numbers shall be designated with a "P."

Electrical & Controls drawing sheet numbers shall be designated with an "E."

13.3 Drawing Number Assignment

All drawings shall contain a unique drawing number. Completed drawings shall have a NASA drawing number for drawing file records. NASA drawing numbers will be assigned when the drawings are ready for final sign-off. Transportation between drawings shall be by sheet number.

13.4 Drawing Package Organization

The entire project drawing package shall be assembled as follows:

- a. Cover Sheet
- b. Drawing Index and General Notes
- Mechanical drawings
- d. Structural drawings
- e. Process Systems drawings
- f. Electrical & Controls drawings

13.5 Cover Sheet

The cover sheet shall include the project title and the NASA logo.

13.6 Drawing Index and General Notes

The drawing index and general notes sheet shall include a drawing index for all drawings in the project, legends, site location, and general notes pertaining to the entire project package.

14.0 AutoCAD Requirements

AutoCAD is the CAD system used by FSED and shall be used to document all mechanical drawings. The release number of AutoCAD used to generate the drawings shall be listed in the general notes on the first sheet of the mechanical drawing package (M1).

The AutoCAD requirements defined in this section are intended to provide people with limited AutoCAD experience the ability to open, edit, and plot a drawing.

14.1 Entities

Drawing generation shall be limited to the following type of entities: lines, arcs and circles, text, blocks, dimensions and polylines.

Part geometry definition shall be with single lines, circles and arcs. Polylines shall be used only when defining a contour or a part break-away.

Blocks may be generated with or without attributes. The standard blocks listed in Example 6 have been generated with attributes. A disk containing the standard blocks will be provided. During drawing generation, the draftsman may use as many blocks as needed, however, block names should be descriptive such that the part may be easily identified by the block name. The part name or commercial part number should be used as the block name.

Example:

The block name for a bracket detailed as item 3 on sheet M6 might be saved as a block "BRACKET_M6-3."

The block name for a Duff-Norton Actuator part number DM-9811 might be saved as a block "DUFF_NORTON_ACTUATOR_DM-9811."

All text shall be generated using the following text style definition via the "style" command:

Style name:

standard

Font file:

romans

Height:

Width factor:

1

Obliquing angle: Backwards:

0

Upside-down:

No No

Orientation:

Horizontal

All text shown in regular print shall be placed in the layer named "txt". All text shown in bold print shall be placed in the layer named "boldtxt".

14.2 Entity Properties

All entities shall have the following properties, unless otherwise noted:

Variable

Setting

CECOLOR

Bylayer

CELTYPE

Bylayer

The dimensioning variables listed below shall be set as follows:

Variable

Setting

DIMCLRD

Bylayer

DIMCLRE

Bylayer

DIMCLRT

Bylayer

14.3 Layers

Layer assignments for layers other than those listed in Table 1 shall be listed on the "README" layer of the AutoCAD file. Layer descriptions must adequately describe the entities in each layer.

The following layers shall be used as a minimum:

Table 1				
Layer Name	4	Color	Line Type	Description
BORDER	3	(Green)	Continuous	Border (w/Logo)
CEN		1 (Red)	Center	Centerlines
DIM	2	(Yellow)	Continuous	Dimensions (Dimension lines, Extension Lines, Arrows & Text); Leader Lines; Leader Lines with Text; Weld Symbols
HATCH		9	Continuous	Crosshatching
HID	3	(Green)	Hidden	Hidden Lines
OBJ	4	(Cyan)	Continuous	Object Lines
PHAN		8	Phantom	Phantom Lines
TXT	2	(Yellow)	Continuous	Parts List Table; Standard Blocks; Text
BOLDTXT	6 (Magenta)	Continuous	Bold Text; Cutting Plane Lines & Arrows
README	7	(White)	Continuous	Readme information
HDWR	5	5 (Blue)	Continuous	Bolts; Nuts; Commercial items
VP	7	(White)	Continuous	Viewport lines in paper space

If necessary, assembly drawings may contain additional layers named by part name. Identifying the object lines of parts on separate layers of an assembly will be helpful when editing adjacent parts in assemblies. Additional layers for object lines shall conform to the colors and line types listed in Table 2. Layer assignments for additional layers shall be listed on the "README" layer of the AutoCAD file.

Example: A part called a pump mount might include the following layers:

pump_mt-obj pump_mt-objo pump_mt-hidden pump_mt-hardware pump_mt-left-bracket pump_mt-baseplate

Table	e 2
Color	Line Type
7 (White)	Continuous
11	Continuous
13	Continuous

14.4 README Laver

A layer named README shall be added to each drawing file. The information on the README layer shall be placed at drawing coordinates X=0, Y= -1. The status of the README layer shall be "FROZEN" when the drawing has been completed. The README layer shall include the following information:

Brief (1-2 line) description of drawing
List and description of drawing layers for layers other than those listed in
Table 1
Information about plotting the drawing (i.e. scale factor required)
Information regarding construction of the drawing
x-refs if used
dim styles if used
viewports in paper space if used

14.5 File Names for AutoCAD Drawings

AutoCAD drawing files shall be identified by drawing number.

14.6 Revisions to AutoCAD Drawings

When a revision is made to a drawing, the electronic file shall be saved as a new file. The file name for the revised drawing shall be the drawing number with the appropriate revision letter.

Example:

File Name:

548621

(Original Drawing)

File Name:

548621A

(Revision A)

The approval signatures and dates on the original drawing shall be replaced with the typed name of the original approver and the typed date. Original signatures and dates shall appear on the latest revision in the revision block.

14.7 Plotting Configuration

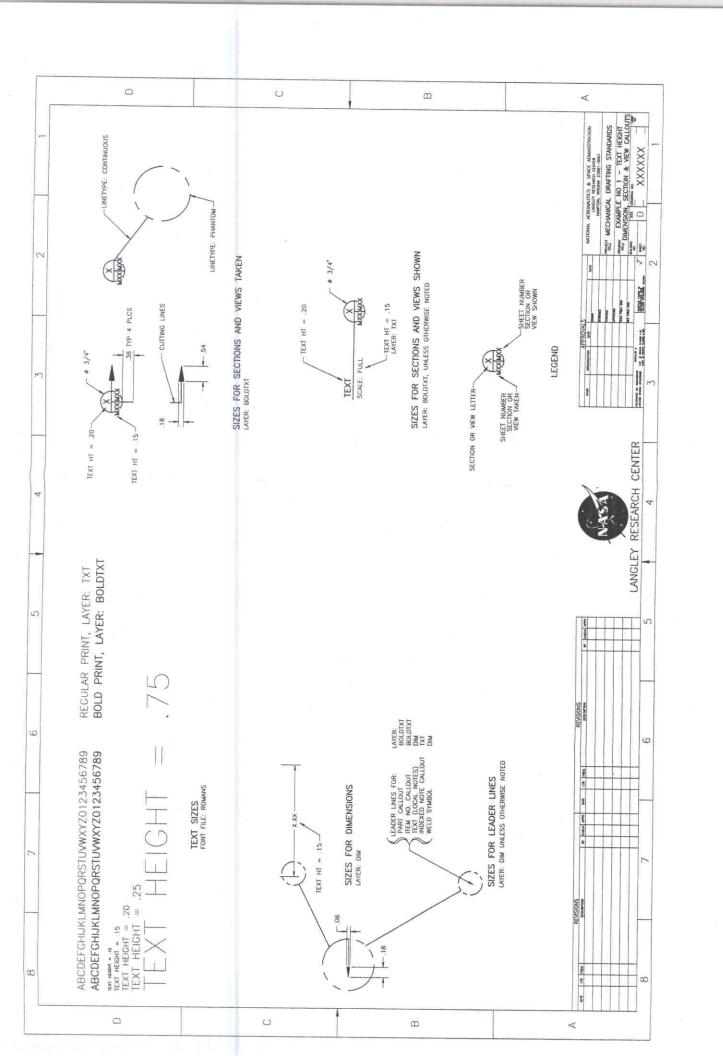
For a particular plotter, each pen number is associated with a line weight or thickness. In the plotting configuration, pen assignments for each color shall be in accordance with the following line weights and the attached FSED Line Weight/Color Standard:

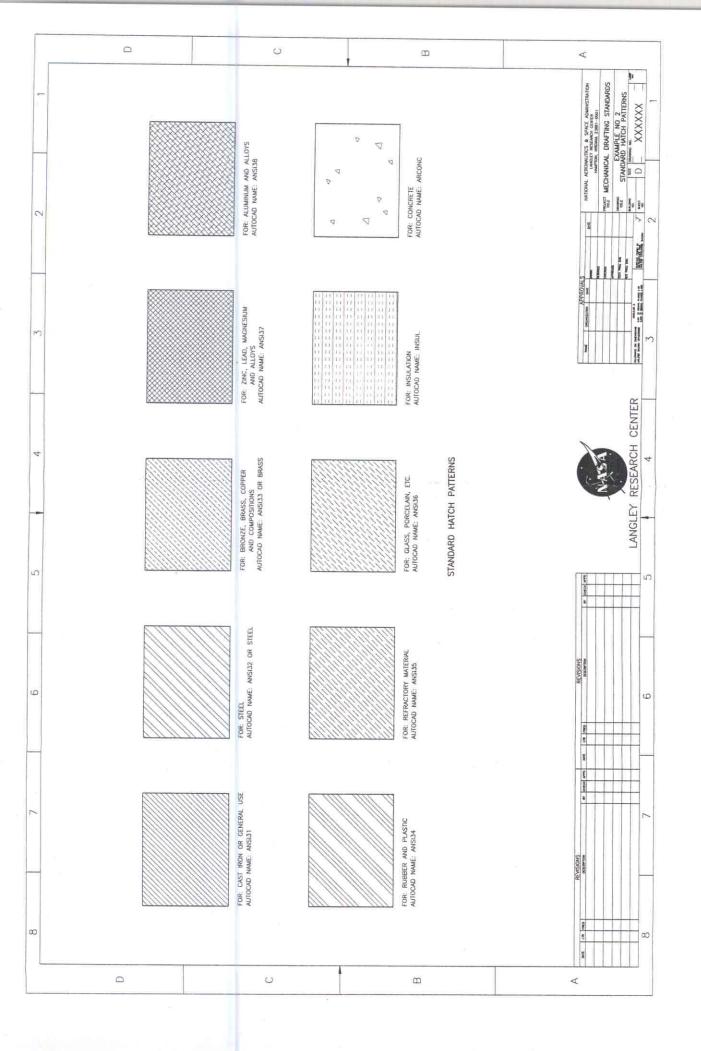
Color	Line Weight
8	.25 mm
9	.25 mm
1 (Red)	.35 mm
2 (Yellow)	.35 mm
3 (Green)	.35 mm
5 (Blue)	.35 mm
4 (Cyan)	.50 mm
7 (White)	.50 mm
11	.50 mm
13	.50 mm
6 (Magenta)	.70 mm

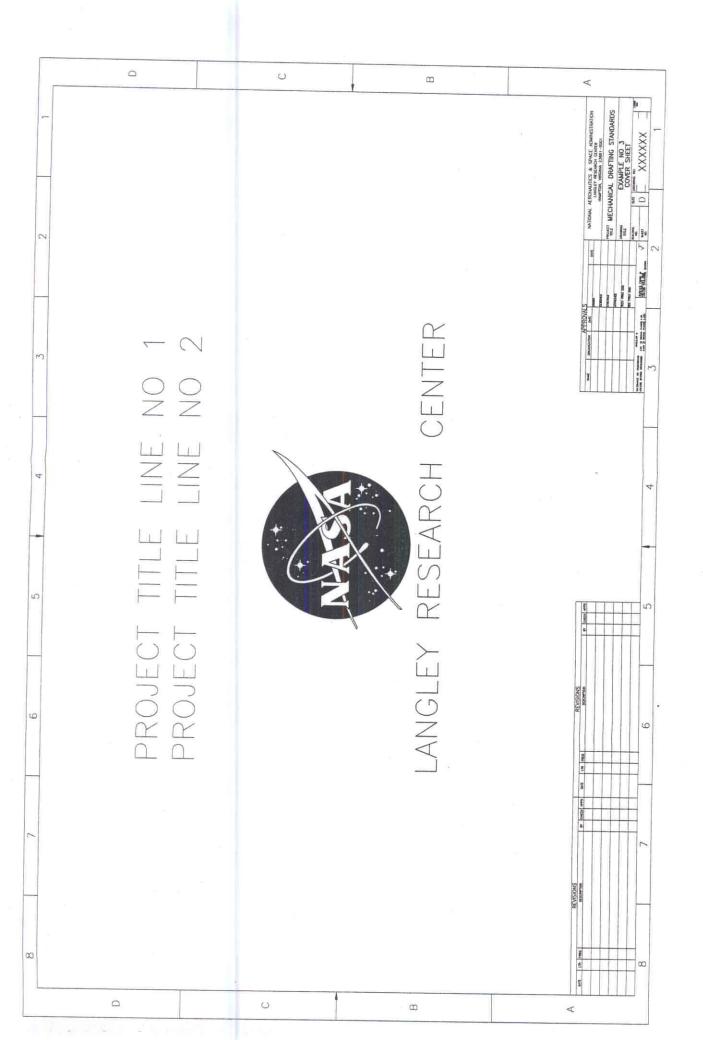
	Line Weight/Color Charts 🚱		Ω.		4					2	-	
	Versatec 8836 LASER PLOTTER (HP-GL 7585) 0.25mm				FSED	LINE WE FOR DIV	WEIGHT/CC DIVISION RE	COLOR STAN RESOURCES (A.)	STANDARD			
_	(demonstration) (demonstration) (demonstration)	WEIGHT	COLOR #	CIVIL	ARCHITECTURAL	HVAC	STRUCTURAL	MACHINE DESIGN	PROCESS SYS.	ELECTRICAL	The same of the sa	
	Marie Common Com	.25MM	198	7	HATCH PATTERN	BLDG. BKGRND EXST, PIPING EXST, DUCT EXST, EQUIP, NEW FLEX DUCT	EXST. COND. HATCH PATTERN	EXST. COND. HATCH PATTERN HATCH PATTERN PHANTOM LINE		EXST. BLDG.	AUTOMATION EXST. AUTOMATION	۵
	Versatec 8510 TURBO CADMATE (400 DPI) 0.25mm 0.35mm 0.50mm 1.00mm penf 1 penf 2 penf 3 penf 4 penf 5 C 6 10 1.00mm penf 5 penf 5 C 6 10 1.00mm penf 5 penf 5 C 70mm 1.00mm penf 5 penf 5 C 70mm 1.00mm penf 5 penf 5	MMS5.	1(RED) 2(YELLOW) 3(GREEN) 5(BLUE)	TEXT DIMENSION COLUMN GRID CENTER LINE HIDDEN LINE	TEXT DIMENSION EXST. COUST. CENTER LINE HIDDEN LINE	TEXT DIMENSIONS DIFFUSERS PIPE FITTINGS	TEXT DIMENSION COLUMN GRID CENTER LINE HIDDEN LINE	TEXT DIMENSION EXT. LINE LEADER LINE HIDDEN LINE CENTER LINE PUR. HARDWARE	TEXT DIMENSIONS DIMENSIONS EXST. STRUCT	TEXT DIMENSIONS EXST, E. E. WK.	TEXT AUTOMATION	
O		MMOS.	#4(CYAN) 7(WHITE) 11	NEW CONCRETE ONEW STEEL NEW COLUMNS H CONL	OBJECT LINE N NEW WORK N HIDDEN LINE N	NEW GOUPMENT NEW DUCT NEW PIPING SCH, BORDER	NEW CONCRETE NEW STEEL NEW COLUMNS CIVIL DETAILS	OBJECT LINE	EXST. EQUIPMENT			
	0.25mm 0.35m pent 1 (.005) pent 2 (MMOY.	112 110 #6(MAGENTA)	GFE	SECT. OUTUNE N	SANITARY PIPING OVENT PIPING DEMOLITION	H	CUT PLANE LINE BOLD TEXT	NEW PIPING NEW EQUIPMENT	NEW E. E. WORK	NEW AUTOMATION	O
	C #8 14(100) Helicity (1400) H	1.0мм	114	in	SPEC. BOLD LINE							
	COMPAQ PRINTER 0.25mm per f 1 (305) per f 2 (300) p C								ě.			m
												3
	HPIII SI POSTECRIPT	0.25mm penf 1 (305)	0.35mm penf 2 (.007)	0.50mm pend 3 (3010) p	PLOTIER (MET) 0.70nm 1.00 pent 4 (.014) pent 5.10 100	1.00mm peef 5 (020)						
∢	HATTER A 2 ROTHER PROPERTY GENERAL BEST NOT A 15.8 TO THE TOTAL BEST NOT A 15.8 TOTAL BE	RVSIPHS	1	LANGLEY	RESEARCH CENTER	CENTER	and the second s	The control of the	12/11/21 12/11/21 13/11/	NATGNAL ARTONATION NATGNAL	MITCHAL ASTOCAUTICS A SPACE AUGUSTRATION WINTER WEAR 1248 14001 TO COLOR WEAR 1248 14001 TO COLOR STANDARDS TO COLOR STAND	⋖

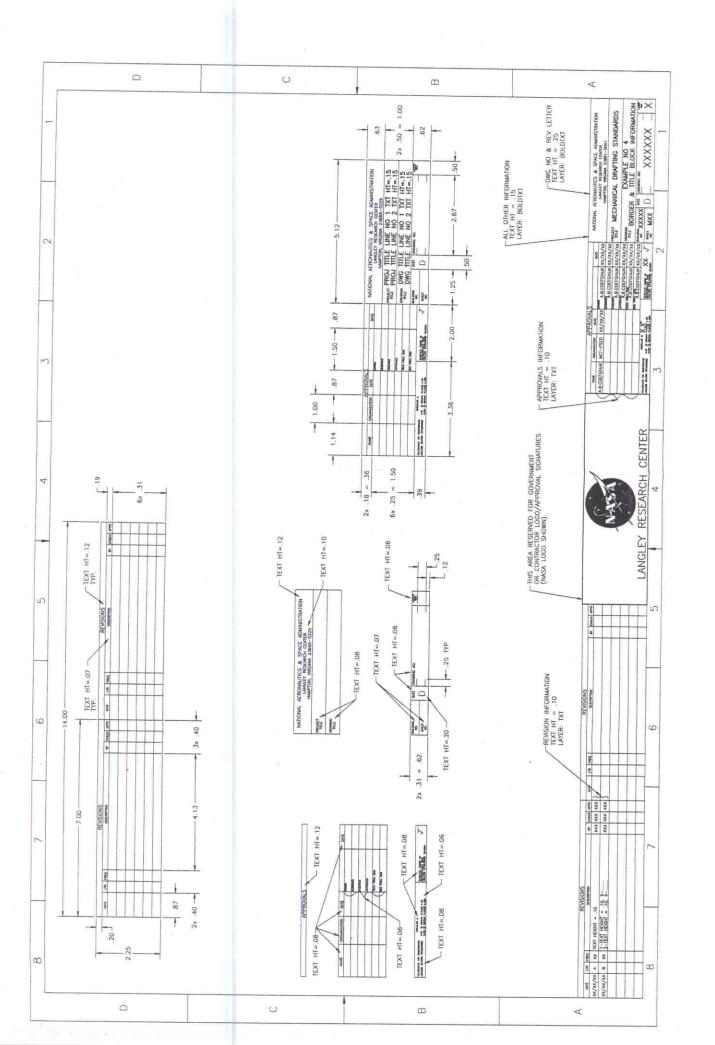
15.0 Drafting Standard Examples

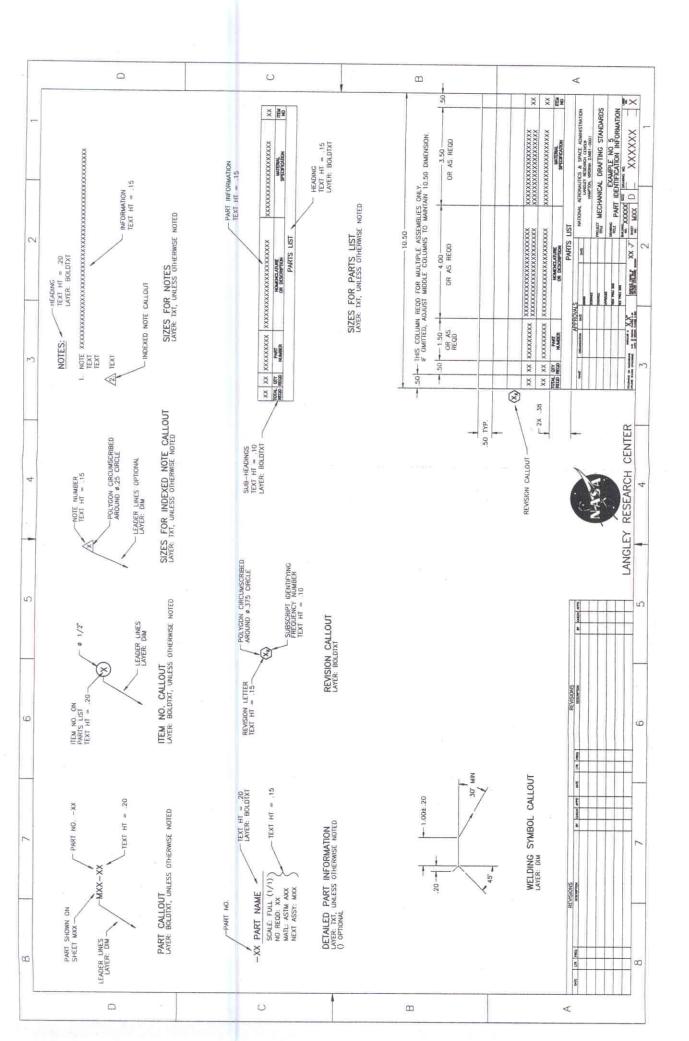
- 15.1 Example No. 1 Text Height, Dimension, Section, & View Callouts
- 15.2 Example No. 2 Standard Hatch Patterns
- 15.3 Example No. 3 Cover Sheet
- 15.4 Example No. 4 Border & Title Block Information
- 15.5 Example No. 5 Part Identification Information
- 15.6 Example No. 6 Standard Blocks

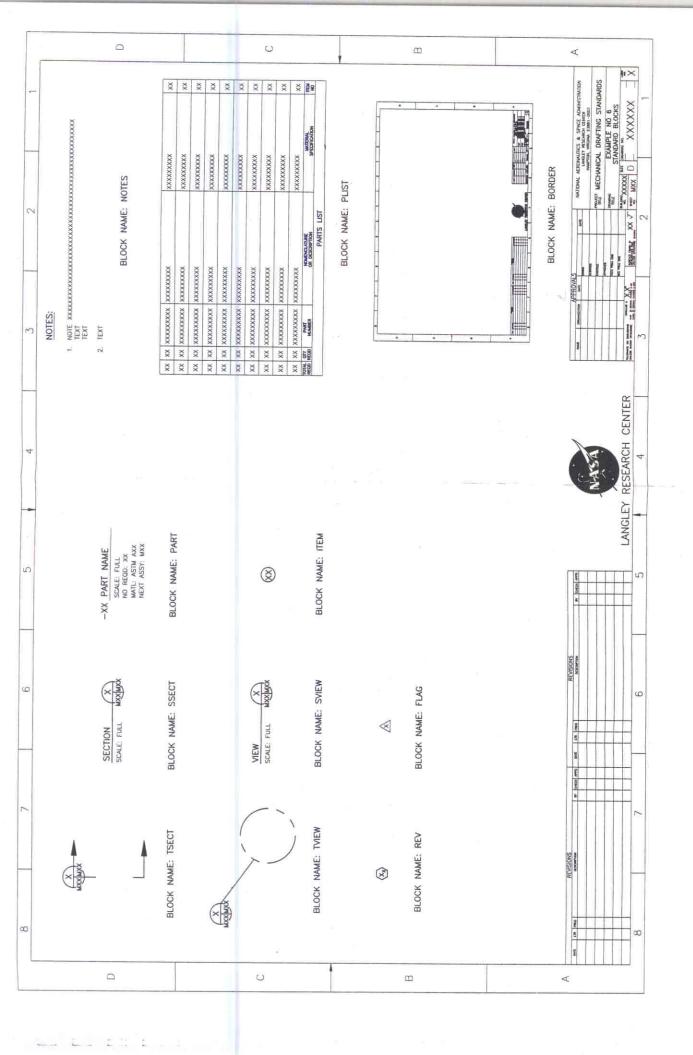






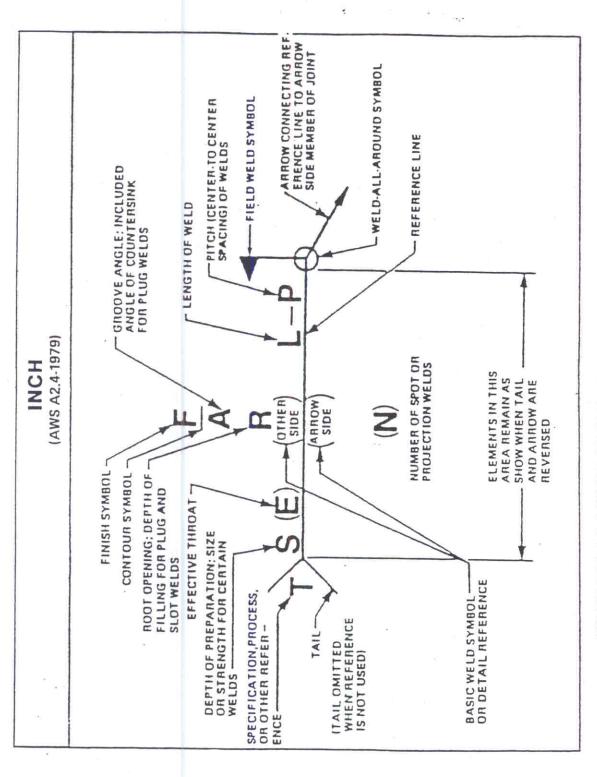




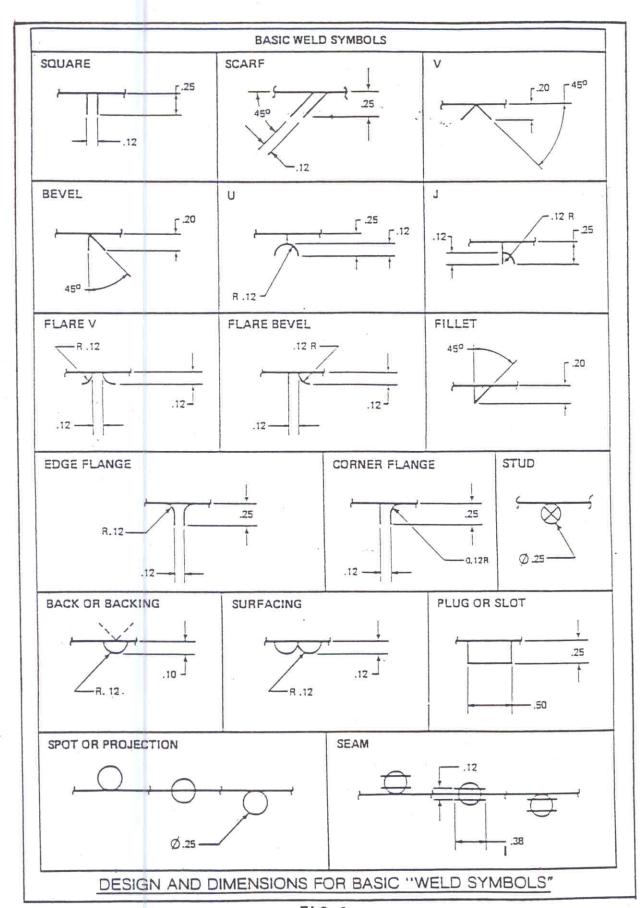


16.0 Figures

- 16.1 Figure 1 Standard Location of Elements of a Welding Symbol
- 16.2 Figure 2 Basic Weld Symbols
- 16.3 Figure 3 Supplementary Weld Symbols



STANDARD LOCATION OF ELEMENTS OF A WELDING SYMBOL



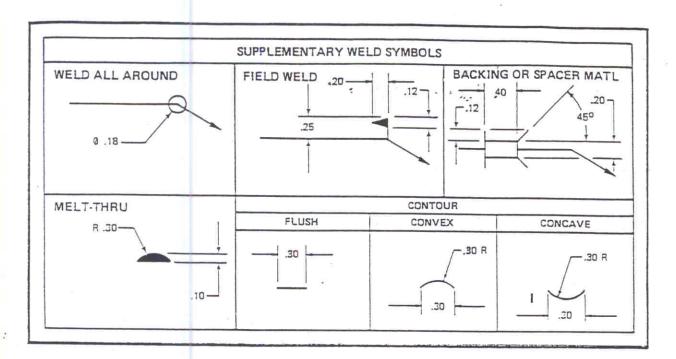


FIG. 3

17.0 Sample Drawings

- 17.1 Sample Drawing 1 Assembly
- 17.2 Sample Drawing 2 Subassembly & Details
- 17.3 Sample Drawing 3 Weldment
- 17.4 Sample Drawing 4 Details

